

TPP Will Support U.S. Strategic Hemispheric Objectives



U.S. trade in goods

1994: \$101 billion
 2004: \$269 billion
 2014: \$537 billion

431% growth 1994 to 2014

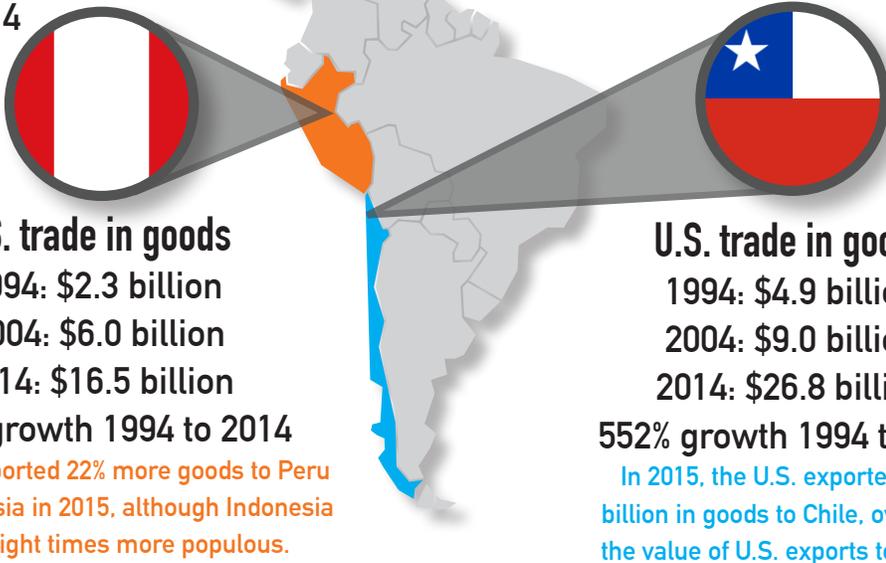
The U.S. exported over twice the amount of goods to Mexico as it did to China in 2015.

U.S. trade in goods

1994: \$246 billion
 2004: \$449 billion
 2014: \$667 billion

171% growth 1994 to 2014

U.S. exports of goods to Canada in 2015 were more than those to China, Japan, the UK, and South Korea combined.



U.S. trade in goods

1994: \$2.3 billion
 2004: \$6.0 billion
 2014: \$16.5 billion

617% growth 1994 to 2014

The U.S. exported 22% more goods to Peru than Indonesia in 2015, although Indonesia is over eight times more populous.

U.S. trade in goods

1994: \$4.9 billion
 2004: \$9.0 billion
 2014: \$26.8 billion

552% growth 1994 to 2014

In 2015, the U.S. exported \$15.4 billion in goods to Chile, over twice the value of U.S. exports to Russia.



U.S. goods exports to its two NAFTA partners make up over half of U.S. goods exports to all G-20 countries.



In 2013, FDI stock in the U.S. from Western Hemisphere countries exceeded \$337 billion.



40% of the content of U.S. imports from Mexico is of U.S. origin, while imports from China only have 4%.



In 2014, the Western Hemisphere was the destination for 45% of U.S. exports, more than any other world region.